

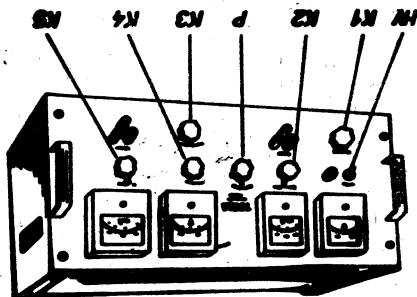


TM 583



The established rectifier TESLA TS 353 is a source of d.c. control-voltages within the range of 0 - 560 V. The voltage is divided into three ranges which can be selected with the switch "P". In the position I and III of this switch the apparatus delivers one voltage within the range of 0 - 560 V. The resistors connected in series with the output terminals indicate the intensity of the delivered current or of both independent currents (as appropriate).

Mg. I.



(Instruction for use)

STABILIZED RETICULATED TESLA TM 583

The apparatus contains two independent stabilized current sources. On the left side of the panel are the controls of one rectifier, on the right side are the controls of the other. The switch "P" in the middle of the panel is common for both power sources and determines their connection. On the left side of the panel are also the mains switch, common for both parts, and pilot lamp indicating whether the apparatus is in operation.

The milliammeter on the left has a part of its scale printed in a bright colour. If the pointer moves to this part of the scale during operation the range must be changed with the switch K_2 , otherwise the delivered current would not be stabilized. The switch K_2 has two positions for the selection of the intensity range: 0 - 75 mA and 75 - 150 mA. Under this switch are three binding posts. The two upper ones are marked "+" and "-" (the polarity of the output d.c.). The third post is connected to the chassis of the apparatus and it must be earthed. The shorting link attached to the third binding post serves for the earthing of any of the output terminals (the "+" or "-" pole of the delivered d.c.).

The controls on the right side of the panel are arranged in a similar manner. Under the voltmeter which has two scales (one 0 - 300 V, the other 0 - 600 V), is the range switch K_4 . The output terminals are marked 560 V and are fitted with a shorting link in the same manner as the terminals on the left side of the apparatus.

The stabilized rectifier TM 583 is one of the TESLA measuring instruments for laboratory use, which are designed as independent panel units suitable for several combinations. Together with other similar units this source of power can be fitted into a permanent rack after the removal of the wooden sides.

Accessories

Spare fuses and a mains connector cord are supplied with each apparatus.





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K₂ and **K₃** must be switched to 0 - 75 mA. Before the mains switch is put into the "ON" position the controls **K₂** and **K₃** must be switched to 0 - 75 mA.

Fig. 2. connection. The mains cord should not be connected to the power supply unless the apparatus is properly earthed. Any of the binding posts must be connected to earth. Should the rectifier operate without an earth connection special safety measures will have to be adopted to prevent the mains voltage from appearing across the binding posts.

Pushing it back firmly to ensure perfect connection, the securing metal strip holding the switch must be replaced after each change of the model's position. On the back panel of the apparatus are also the mains fuses, the d.c. fuses, and the recessed mains connection.

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Before connecting the apparatus to the mains it is essential to ascertain that the mains change over switch (littled on the back panel) is in the correct position. The mains voltage can be seen mounted by pulling out the knob of the switch, turning it until the red triangle above the switch points to the suitable a.c. voltage, and then returning it to the correct position.

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Mains connection

KOVO LTD., PRAHA 1, CZECOSLOVAKIA

Should it become necessary to return the rectifier to the makers for repairs, ensure good and careful packing and address the shipper to:

parloring this apparatus if it proves to be defective within one year after shipment, provided the seals have not been broken. Under this guarantee the makers obligeation is limited to re-shipment to manufacturers to whom defects in material and workman-ship. Each apparatus is warranted free from defects in material and workman-ship. The stabilized rectifier is tested and sealed in the factory.

Guarantee

Operation

W A R N I N G !

Do not switch on the apparatus unless the controls K₂ and K₅ are turned to the left, (to the smaller current range). otherwise the tubes of the rectifier would be endangered.

Voltage selection

According to the required voltage, the connection of both parts of the apparatus can be selected with the switch "P". This switch has three positions determining 3 appropriate voltages.

- In position I. the max. d.c. voltage is 150 V
in position II. two independent voltages 130 - 280 V can be drawn
in position III. the max. voltage is controllable between 250 and 560 V.

Position I.

Half of the apparatus (the right-hand rectifier) delivers the stabilized d.c., whilst the remaining part (the rectifier on the left) supplies an auxiliary voltage to the former. The rectifier on the right stabilized the resulting current. The measuring instruments on the left side of the panel are not in operation and the output is led to the binding posts on the right side. The instruments on the right side register the load. Only in this position of the switch "P" can the output d.c. become as low as a few volts only, without disturbing the stabilization.

The output control is divided between the knobs K₂ and K₁. The stabilizing action of the rectifier is independent of the position of these controls. As long as the load does not exceed 75 mA the controls K₂ and K₅ remain turned to the left. Only at a higher load will it be necessary to change the position of K₅ to the right.





It is important to operate the established rectifier in such a manner that the output current does not differ from the range indicated and selected by the switches K_1 or K_2 . Whenever the pointer of one meter reaches a scale-out-of-tolerance value of the cells, the position of the two collectors of the cascade is loaded outside the permissible range (note the two scales of the cells). The position of the cascade is determined by the position of the two collectors of the cells.

Both rectifiers are connected in series and the output voltage is the sum of both voltages. The output terminals and the instruments of the circuit are out of action in this position. The static bridge rectifier is out of action due to the bridging connection between both parts of the apparatus. It is best not to set either of the controls K_1 or K_2 in an extreme position.

Both rectifiers work independently and each stabilizes the proposed current range. Therefore, it is possible to draw from the apparatus two d.c. currents antireciprocally independent of each other, each within the range 130 - 280 V. The output of the left-hand rectifier - regestered on the ammeters, gives the output of the right-hand rectifier - regestered on the ammeters. The output of the right-hand rectifier - regestered on the ammeters, gives the output of the left-hand rectifier - regestered on the ammeters. As long as the load do not exceed 75 W the modes K₂ and K₃ remain unused to the left. If a higher current is required the apparatus is turned to the right.

Edition II.

TECHNICAL DATA

Voltage ranges:

- Switch position I 0 - 150 V, internal resistance of the source 10 ohms
Switch position II 2 x (150 - 280 V), internal resistance of each source 25 ohms
Switch position III 250 - 560 V, internal resistance of the source 25 ohms

Current ranges:

0 - 75 mA, 75 - 150 mA

Tubes:

4x AZ12
4x 4654
2x 6AC7
2x STV 150/20

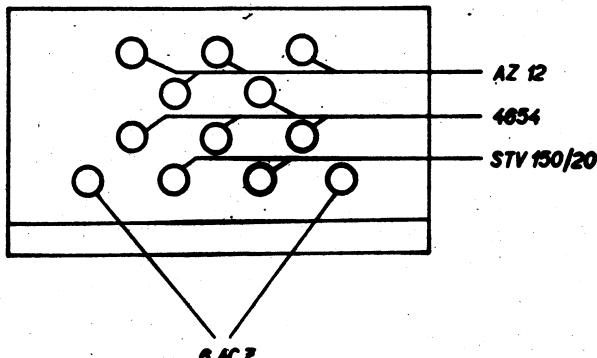
The tubes can be exchanged if necessary without disturbing the calibration of the instrument fitted on the panel.

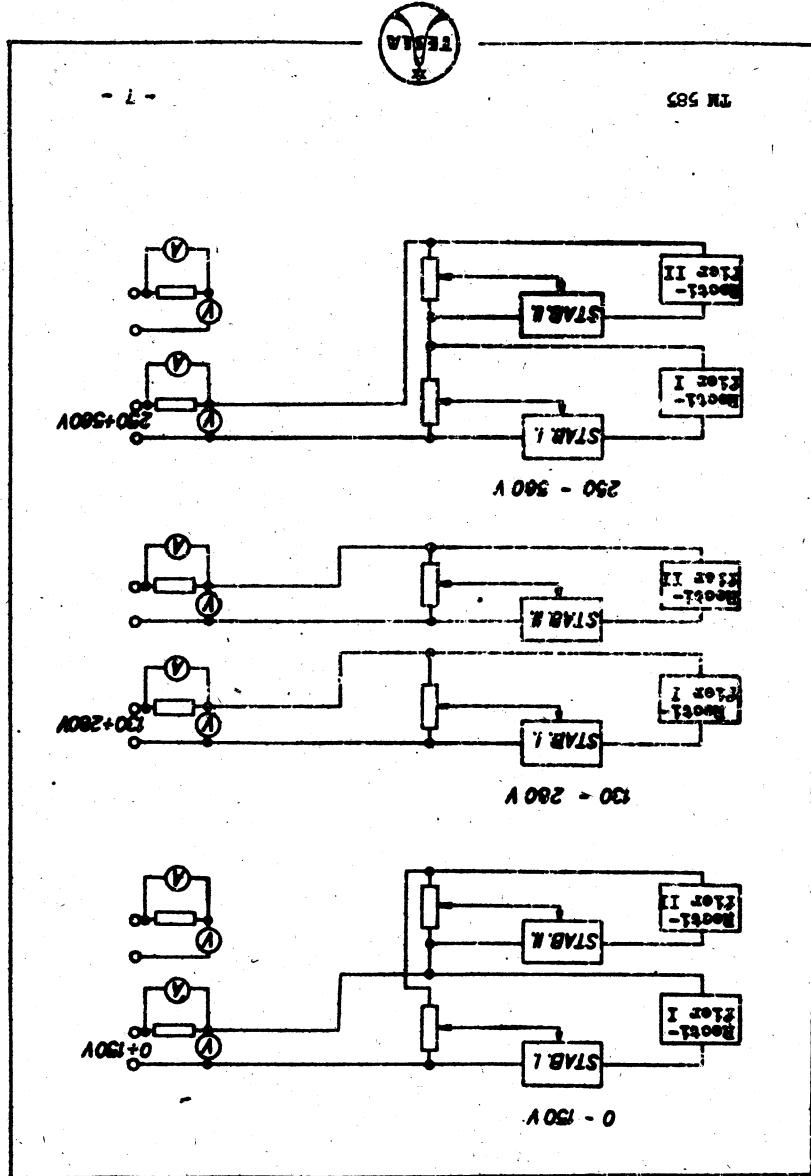
Dimensions:

width 490 mm
height 185 mm
depth 340 mm

Weight:

30 kg





R 1	-	0.1 MΩ/2 W	R 19	-	50,000	Ω/50 W
R 2	-	0.1 MΩ/2 W	R 20	-	20,000	Ω/12 W
R 3	-	0.1 MΩ/2 W	R 21	-	0.5 MΩ	
R 4	-	0.1 MΩ/2 W	R 22	-	32,000	Ω/4 W
R 5	-	0.1 MΩ/2 W	R 23	-	25,000	Ω/4 W
R 6	-	0.1 MΩ/2 W	R 24	-	15,000	Ω/2 W
R 7	-	0.1 MΩ/2 W	R 31	-	32,000	Ω/12 W
R 9	-	5,000 Ω/50 W	R 32	-	32,000	Ω/12 W
R 10	-	20,000 Ω/12 W	R 33	-	2.5 MΩ	
R 11	-	0.3 MΩ	R 34	-	2.5 MΩ	
R 12	-	32,000 Ω/2 W	R 35	-	10,000 Ω/6 W	
R 13	-	25,000 Ω/4 W	R 36	-	10,000 Ω/6 W	
R 14	-	16,000 Ω/2 W				
C 1	-	32 μF/450 V	C 7	-	32 μF/450 V	
C 2	-	32 μF/450 V	C 8	-	32 μF/450 V	
C 3	-	32 μF/450 V	C 9	-	1000 pF	
C 4	-	32 μF/450 V	C 10	-	1000 pF	
C 5	-	32 μF/450 V	C 11	-	0.1 μF/1000 V	
C 6	-	32 μF/450 V	C 12	-	0.1 μF/1000 V	

vyp. (vypinač) = switch
 pravý zdroj = right source
 levý zdroj = left source
 otáčení do prava = turning to right
 otáčení doleva = turning to left

Measuring points:

1 E	=	625 V ; I = 22 mA
2 E	=	625 V ; I = 22 mA
3 = 4 E	=	125 V

To measure with the potentiometer "Voltage" turned to the right.
 The switch "P" in the II. position.

The voltage in the points 3 = 4 measure against cathode-ray tube GAC7.

With potentiometers R 31 and R 32 set the voltage.





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REMARKS :

TESLA

Published by DPS 32 - Praha I, Národní 25.

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